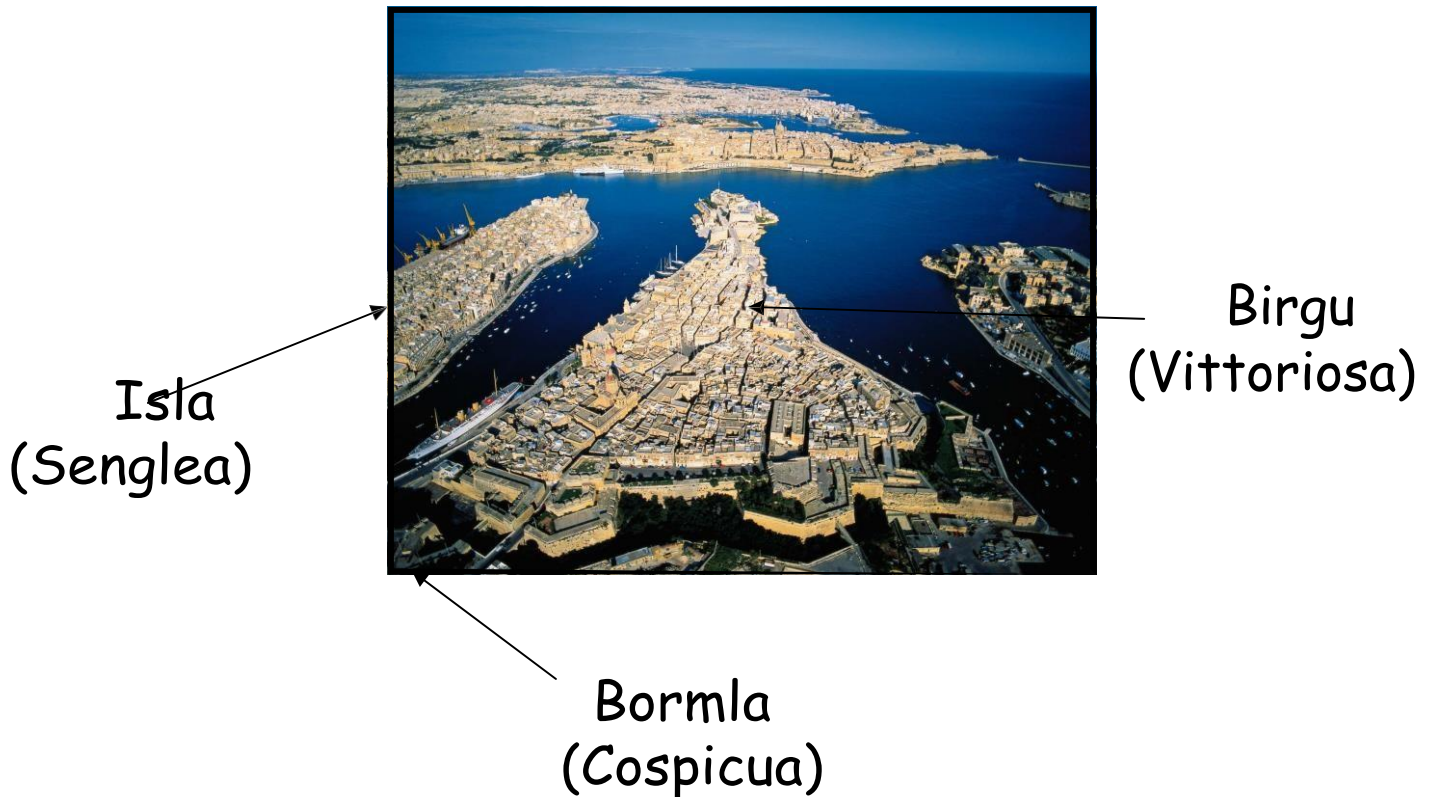


Senglea, Cospicua and Vittoriosa (Cottonera) - Note



Some information about Senglea (L'Isla)

- During the *Great Siege* (The famous battle between the Maltese/Knights of St John and the Turks in 1565) and the *Second World War* (1939- 1945), many people left this area to go and live in safer villages. This was due to fear of attacks on the *Grand Harbour*.
- The parish church is dedicated to *Marija Bambina*, meaning the birth of *Mary* mother of *Jesus*. The feast is held on the 8th September. The feast is known as *tal-Vitorja* (meaning *victory*). This date also commemorates the *Great Siege* of 1565 and the end of *World War II* for *Malta*.
- Senglea is famous for its participation every year in the *Regatta* races held in the *Grand Harbour* on 8th September and 31st March.



Some information about Cospicua (Bormla)



- Cospicua (Bormla) is the third city to be found between Vittoriosa and Senglea.
- In Cospicua there are the shipyards.
- The three cities are connected to the bastions. These are the Saint Margherita bastions which safeguard against attacks from the sea (Grand Harbour) and the Cottoner Bastions, which protect from land attacks (mainly from Marsaxlokk inwards).
- The parish church is dedicated to the Immaculate Conception, whose feast is held on the 8th of December.

